## AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please insert the following new paragraphs after original paragraph [0031] and before original paragraph [0032]:

FIGURES 5 and 6 illustrate a fluid line connector assembly 200 that is substantially identical to connector assembly 100 discussed hereinbefore. Fluid line connector assembly 200 includes a length of flexible thin-walled flexible tubing 210 with opposing ends 212, a flare nut 220, and a swivel fitting assembly 240 retained on each of the ends. Tubing ends 212 include a journal portion 214 and a flare portion 216. Tubing corrugations 218 extend helically along the length of flexible tubing between tubing ends 212. A central axis AX is defined by and extends along tubing 210.

As can be better seen in FIGURE 6, flare nut 220 includes a threaded end 222 and a strain-relief end 224. A journal passage 226 extends generally centrally through the flare nut and is cooperable with journal portion 214 of tubing end 212 such that the flare nut is received on the tubing end and can rotate relative thereto. An annular recess 228 extends into the flare nut from strain-relief end 224. Flare nut 220 is oriented on the tubing end such that annular recess 228 receives at least a portion of one or more helical corrugations 218. A plurality of female threads 230 extend inwardly from threaded end 222 opposite strain-relief end 224. A flare seating surface 232 extends radially outwardly in a frustoconical manner from journal passage 226 toward female threads 230. The flare seating surface is adapted to cooperate with flare portion 216 of tubing end 212. Wrench flats 234 are disposed along the exterior of flare nut 220.

Swivel fitting assembly 240 includes a base fitting 241 that has a tube-engaging end 242 and a connection end 244. A passage 246 extends generally centrally through the base fitting between the opposing ends thereof. The tube-engaging end includes a plurality of male threads 248 that threadably engage female threads 230 of flare nut 220. A flare-engaging surface 250 extends from the tube-engaging end toward the male threads. Opposite the tube-engaging end at connection end 244, a generally cylindrical shoulder portion 252 is provided inwardly of the connection end. A retaining ring groove

254 extends radially inwardly along shoulder portion 252. A sealing portion 256 is provided axially outwardly of shoulder portion 252. A plurality of wrench flats 258 extend along the outside of base fitting 241 for the tightening thereof into flare nut. 220.

Threaded end cap 260 has a passage 262 extending therethrough. The passage includes a bearing surface 264, a sealing surface 266 and a plurality of female threads 268. A plurality of male threads 270 extend along the exterior of the threaded end cap, and wrench flats 272 are provided for torsionally rotating the threaded end cap to connect to a fluid transmission line or appliance. Bearing surface 264 is cooperable with shoulder portion 252 of the base fitting such that the threaded end cap will rotate relative thereto, as indicated by arrows RO. A retaining ring groove 274 extends radially outwardly from bearing surface 264. Threaded end cap 260 is supported on base fitting 240 such that retaining ring grooves 254 and 274 are axially aligned radially opposite one another for each to receive at least a portion of a retaining ring 280, that axially retains the threaded end cap on the base fitting while allowing the threaded end cap to remain freely rotatable relative thereto, again as indicated by arrows RO. A sealing member, such as o-ring 282, for example, is compressively positioned between the sealing portion of the base fitting and the sealing surface of the threaded end cap to form a fluid-tight seal therebetween.

Please amend original paragraph [0032] as follows:

[0032] FIGURES 5 and 6 illustrate a fluid line connector assembly 200 that is substantially identical to connector assembly 100 discussed hereinbefore. However, connector Connector assembly 200 further includes a braided sheath 290 and a coating layer 292 disposed along the exterior of the tubing. An inner collar 294 is supported on journal portion 214 axially inwardly of flare nut 220. At least a portion of braided sheath 290 extends along the exterior of each inner collar 294 and a braid retaining collar 296 is positioned radially outwardly of each inner collar and crimped or otherwise deflected radially inwardly to secure the end of the braided sheath therebetween. Additionally, coating layer 292 may be provided along the exterior of the braided sheath and portions of the flare nut to provide improved cleanability and other benefits as may be desired in certain applications. The coating layer is formed from a flexible plastic material, preferably plasticized polyvinylchloride. However, a variety of other suitable flexible materials can be used, such as polyethylene or synthetic rubber, for example. It should be appreciated, however, that the coating layer is optional in the embodiment illustrated in FIGURES 5 and 6.